
COMPLIANCE REPORT
**THE FIGHTING AGAINST
FORCED LABOUR AND CHILD
LABOUR IN SUPPLY CHAINS
ACT**
(BILL S-211)

Submitted to:

The Minister of Public Safety and Emergency Preparedness

Date:

May 31, 2025

Submitted by:

National Environmental Products Ltd. (Neptronic)

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Introduction

On December 20, 2023, the Minister of Public Safety and Emergency Preparedness published guidance on the Fighting Against Forced Labour and Child Labour in Supply Chains Act, which officially came into force as of January 1, 2024.

National Environmental Products Ltd. (Neptronic), a privately owned, Quebec-based manufacturer in the HVAC industry, operates both in Canada and internationally. With over \$20 million in assets and \$40 million in revenue over the past two years, and employing an average of 300 employees, our corporation recognizes the importance of maintaining ethical supply chains free from forced and child labor. Compliant with Bill S-211, we have implemented comprehensive policies and procedures to monitor, assess, and address these risks.

This report outlines the measures and actions taken by Neptronic to comply with ***the Fighting Against Forced Labour and Child Labour in Supply Chains Act (Bill S-211)***. Maintaining internal controls to ensure that all workers are recruited voluntarily, our commitment to ethical practices and human rights is integral to our operations; this report details our efforts to prevent forced labour and child labour within our supply chains.

This report does not include commercially or legally sensitive information. The information contained in this report is identical to that submitted by Neptronic via the questionnaire provided by the Minister through its portal on the Minister's website. This report is also published prominently on our website, and it can also be provided to any member of the public upon request.

Neptronic has exercised reasonable diligence in attesting that the report is true, accurate and complete in all material respects.



Policies and Procedures

Supply Chain Due Diligence:

- **Due Diligence Framework:** Neptronic has put in place a due diligence framework designed to evaluate and monitor our suppliers rigorously. This framework includes [mapping main activities, preparing detailed questionnaires and subsequent verification processes to assess each supplier's compliance with our ethical standards and the legal framework.](#)
- **Risk Assessments:** Neptronic conducted internal assessments to identify potential areas of concern within our supply chains and to address practices in our activities and supply chains that increase the risk of forced labour and/or child labour. These assessments, to be continuously implemented, consider factors such as [geographical location, industry sector, and the historical performance of suppliers in adhering to ethical labor practices.](#)
- **Supplier Selection Criteria:** Neptronic established specific criteria for the selection and maintenance of suppliers. These criteria mandate a [strong commitment to ethical labor practices, including the prohibition of forced labor and child labor.](#) Suppliers are evaluated not only on cost and quality but also on their adherence to our ethical standards and the current legal context.

Supplier Code of Conduct:

- **Development and Enforcement:** Neptronic developed a [Supplier Code of Conduct](#) (Annex A) that outlines our expectations regarding labor practices, environmental standards, and business ethics. This code explicitly prohibits forced labor and child labor by our suppliers.
- **Mandatory Compliance:** All Neptronic suppliers will be required to sign and comply with our Supplier Code of Conduct. Compliance is monitored through regular interactions and periodic reviews to ensure ongoing adherence to our standards.

Audits and Assessments:

- **Regular Audits:** Neptronic incorporated our ethical standards as part of our regular verification of suppliers to ensure they comply. These audits are both scheduled and surprise inspections to get an accurate picture of supplier practices.
- **Corrective Action Plans:** Neptronic has designed corrective action plans for suppliers found in violation of our policies. These plans are designed to address specific issues and include timelines for compliance. Continuous monitoring ensures that corrective measures are effectively implemented.



Training and Capacity Building:

- **Training Programs:** Neptronic has designed and implemented training (Annex B) for key employees (Product Designers and Buyers) focused on the risks and indicators of forced labor and child labor. This training is designed to equip participants with the knowledge and tools needed to identify and prevent unethical labor practices.
- **Awareness Campaigns:** In 2025, Neptronic strengthened its initiatives to promote awareness of ethical labour practices across its supply chain. In addition to providing the **Supplier Code of Conduct** to all new vendors, the corporation introduced a comprehensive **supplier questionnaire** distributed to all existing suppliers. The objective of this questionnaire is to identify suppliers operating within **geographical regions considered to present a higher risk** of forced or child labour.

Grievance Mechanisms:

- **Confidential Reporting Channels:**
 - Alegria Mafoda, Director of HR Neptronic has been designated as person responsible for confidential reporting for employees, concerning issues related to forced labor and child labor via phone, email, and online platforms to ensure ease of use.
 - Suppliers can report concerns in confidence to quality@neptronic.com.
- **Investigation Protocols:** Upon reception of a report, a dedicated team reviews it and conducts investigations, to propose appropriate actions based on findings. All reports are investigated promptly and thoroughly. Transparency and accountability are maintained throughout the process.

Through these comprehensive policies and procedures, Neptronic remains committed to ensuring that our supply chains are free from forced labor and child labor, upholding the highest ethical standards in all aspects of our operations.



Results and Outcomes

During the 2024–2025 reporting period, Neptronic strengthened its due diligence measures in alignment with the Fighting Against Forced Labour and Child Labour in Supply Chains Act (Bill S-211).

A total of 126 supplier questionnaires (Annex 3) were distributed, achieving a 74% response rate. The review found a high level of conformity across the supply base, with no verified instances of forced or child labour during the reporting period.

- All respondents confirmed compliance with Bill S-211 requirements.
- Non-responding suppliers within the Electronics & Components and Mining & Raw Materials sectors, as well as the Asia-Pacific region, which remains most vulnerable to forced and child labour risks—are being contacted to verify compliance or provide evidence of corrective actions through supplier audits.

Additionally, 64% of suppliers signed Neptronic’s Supplier Code of Conduct, reaffirming their commitment to ethical labour standards and compliance with Bill S-211.

Targeted training sessions were delivered to procurement and supply chain personnel to strengthen awareness and capacity to identify and mitigate potential labour risks.

Overall, Neptronic’s 2024–2025 review confirms ongoing compliance with the Act and continued progress in advancing ethical sourcing and supplier accountability.



Challenges and Future Actions

Despite strong compliance performance during the 2024–2025 reporting period, Neptonic continues to face challenges related to full supply chain traceability and consistent supplier engagement. Limited visibility into sub-tier suppliers, particularly in higher-risk sectors such as Electronics & Components and Mining & Raw Materials, and in regions with elevated labour rights vulnerabilities, remains a significant obstacle. In addition, inconsistent reporting formats and delayed responses from smaller suppliers hinder timely verification of compliance with Bill S-211 requirements.

To address these challenges, Neptonic has established the following objectives for the 2025–2026 reporting period:

- Increase supplier response rate to 90% by Q4 2026 through enhanced follow-up protocols and automated reporting reminders.
- Achieve 85% adoption of the Supplier Code of Conduct by the end of FY2026.
- Conduct targeted audits for 75% of suppliers operating in identified high-risk regions or sectors by mid-2026.

Suppliers that fail to provide required compliance documentation or verification after two written requests will be subject to escalation procedures, including temporary suspension of new purchase orders and potential removal from the approved supplier list.

Through these measures, Neptonic aims to enhance accountability, strengthen data integrity, and ensure continuous improvement in compliance with the Fighting Against Forced Labour and Child Labour in Supply Chains Act (Bill S-211).



CONCLUSION

Neptronic remains steadfast in our commitment to combatting forced labour and child labour within our supply chains. We are dedicated to upholding the highest ethical standards and will continue to take proactive measures to ensure compliance with Bill S-211. We appreciate the opportunity to report on our efforts and welcome any feedback or guidance from the Ministry.

Authorized Signatory:

In accordance with the requirements of the Act, and in particular section 11 thereof, I attest that I have reviewed the information contained in the report for the entity or entities listed above. Based on my knowledge, and having exercised reasonable diligence, I attest that the information in the report is true, accurate and complete in all material respects for the purposes of the Act, for the reporting year listed above.



Alegria Mafoda
Director Human Resources
Neptronic
2025/10/22

This report is submitted in compliance with the Fighting Against Forced Labour and Child Labour in Supply Chains Act (Bill S-211).



SUPPLIER CODE OF CONDUCT

Introduction

Neptronic is committed to conducting business ethically and responsibly. We expect our suppliers to share this commitment by adhering to the principles outlined in this Supplier Code of Conduct. This Code sets forth the minimum standards for ethical behavior, labor practices, environmental stewardship, and business integrity.

Ethical Business Practices

- **Compliance with Laws:** Suppliers must comply with all applicable local, national, and international laws and regulations.
- **Integrity:** Suppliers must conduct business with integrity, honesty, and transparency. Bribery, corruption, and other unethical practices are strictly prohibited.
- **Confidentiality:** Suppliers must safeguard Neptronic's confidential information and intellectual property and only use it for authorized purposes.

Labor Practices

- **Prohibition of Forced Labor:** Suppliers must not use or benefit from forced, bonded, or indentured labor, involuntary prison labor, or human trafficking in any form.
- **Child Labor:** Suppliers must not employ workers under the age of 15 or under the legal working age as stipulated by local law, whichever is higher.
- **Working Conditions:** Suppliers must provide a safe and healthy work environment for their employees, complying with all applicable safety and health regulations.
- **Wages and Benefits:** Suppliers must pay workers at least the minimum wage required by local law and provide all legally mandated benefits.
- **Working Hours:** Suppliers must comply with applicable laws regarding working hours, overtime, and rest periods.



- *Non-Discrimination*: Suppliers must provide a workplace free from discrimination and harassment, where all employees are treated with respect and dignity.

Environmental Stewardship

- *Environmental Laws*: Suppliers must comply with all applicable environmental laws and regulations.
- *Sustainable Practices*: Suppliers are encouraged to minimize their environmental impact by adopting sustainable practices, reducing waste, conserving energy, and water, and minimizing emissions.
- *Hazardous Materials*: Suppliers must responsibly manage hazardous materials to prevent environmental contamination and ensure safe disposal.

Business Integrity

- *Anti-Corruption*: Suppliers must not engage in any form of corruption, bribery, extortion, or embezzlement.
- *Fair Competition*: Suppliers must compete fairly and comply with antitrust laws and regulations.
- *Intellectual Property*: Suppliers must respect the intellectual property rights of Neptronic and others.
- *Conflict Minerals*: Suppliers must ensure that products supplied to Neptronic do not contain conflict minerals sourced from areas where proceeds may support armed conflict or human rights abuses.

Monitoring and Compliance

- *Audits*: Neptronic reserves the right to audit suppliers' facilities and practices to ensure compliance with this Code. Suppliers must provide access to relevant documents and cooperate with audit processes.
- *Corrective Actions*: If non-compliance is identified, suppliers must promptly implement corrective actions to address any issues. Failure to comply with this Code may result in termination of the business relationship.

Reporting Concerns

- *Grievance Mechanism*: Suppliers must establish mechanisms for workers to report concerns or violations of this Code without fear of retaliation.
- *Communication*: Suppliers must communicate the principles of this Code to their employees, agents, and subcontractors.



Conclusion

By adhering to Neptronic's Supplier Code of Conduct, suppliers help ensure a sustainable, ethical, and responsible supply chain. Neptronic values its partnerships with suppliers and looks forward to working together to uphold these principles.

Acknowledgement

We, the undersigned, acknowledge receipt and understanding of the Neptronic Supplier Code of Conduct and commit to complying with its principles and requirements.

Supplier Name:

Authorized Signatory:

Title:

Date:





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TRAINING SESSION

Fighting Against Forced Labour and Child Labour in Supply Chains Act (Bill S-211)

OUTLINE

- I. Introduction
- II. Understanding Forced Labor and Child Labor
- III. Indicators of Forced Labor
- IV. Indicators of Child Labor
- V. Risk Factors
- VI. Policies and Procedures
- VII. Detection and Reporting
- VIII. Remediation and Support
- IX. Conclusion

INTRODUCTION

On December 20, 2023, the Minister of Public Safety and Emergency Preparedness published guidance on the Fighting Against Forced Labour and Child Labour in Supply Chains Act, which officially came into force as of January 1, 2024.

Neptronic recognizes the importance of ensuring that our supply chains are free from forced labour and child labour.

As an entity compliant with Bill S-211, we have prepared training and procedures to monitor, assess, and address risks associated with these unethical practices.

INTRODUCTION

Objective: To provide Neptronic employees and suppliers with the knowledge and tools to identify and mitigate risks of forced labor and child labor.

Importance: Emphasize the ethical, legal, and business reasons for eliminating forced and child labor.

UNDERSTANDING FORCED LABOR AND CHILD LABOR

Definitions:

- **Forced Labor:** Work or service taken from a person under threat or coercion.
- **Child Labor:** Employment of children in a manner that deprives them of their childhood, potential, dignity, and that is harmful to physical and mental development.

UNDERSTANDING FORCED LABOR AND CHILD LABOR

Legislation and Standards:

- International Labour Organization (ILO) conventions.
- Local and international laws.

INDICATORS OF FORCED LABOR

Physical and Psychological Signs:

- Restricted movement and isolation.
- Poor living conditions and limited freedom.
- Physical and emotional abuse.

Employment Conditions:

- Excessive working hours.
- Withholding of wages or identification documents.
- Debt bondage.

INDICATORS OF CHILD LABOR

Work Environment:

- Children working in hazardous conditions.
- Involvement in heavy lifting or dangerous machinery.

Behavioral Signs:

- Poor school attendance or performance.
- Signs of physical abuse or malnutrition.

RISK FACTORS

Supply Chain Vulnerabilities:

- High-risk sectors.
- Geographical regions with weak labor laws.

Business Practices:

- Lack of transparency and oversight.
- Pressure for low costs and quick delivery times.

RISK FACTORS - SUPPLY CHAIN VULNERABILITIES

High-risk sectors:

- Mining
- Textiles
- Electronics
- Agriculture
- Chemical

RISK FACTORS - SUPPLY CHAIN VULNERABILITIES

High-risk sectors (Mining)

The mining sector is a critical component of the HVAC supply chain, supplying essential metals and minerals.

- **Copper: Essential for electrical wiring and components in HVAC systems.**
 - **Vulnerability:** Copper is often sourced from countries like the Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC), where forced labor and child labor are prevalent. According to Amnesty International, children work in hazardous conditions in cobalt and copper mines .
 - **Mitigation:** Neptronic must ensure that our copper suppliers adhere to ethical labor practices and obtain certifications like the Responsible Minerals Assurance Process (RMAP).
- **Aluminum: Used in HVAC components such as coils and casings.**
 - **Vulnerability:** Bauxite mining, which is the precursor to aluminum production, has been associated with forced labor, particularly in countries like Guinea. The U.S. Department of Labor reports forced labor in bauxite mines .
 - **Mitigation:** Neptronic should source aluminum from suppliers certified by the Aluminium Stewardship Initiative (ASI).
- **Rare Earth Elements: Used in high-efficiency motors and electronics.**
 - **Vulnerability:** Mining of rare earth elements often involves poor labor conditions and environmental degradation, notably in China.
 - **Mitigation:** Neptronic should source from suppliers who follow the OECD Due Diligence Guidance for Responsible Supply Chains of Minerals.

RISK FACTORS - SUPPLY CHAIN VULNERABILITIES

High-risk sectors (Electronics Sector)

Electronic components are integral to modern HVAC systems, including **sensors, control units, and circuit boards**.

- **Semiconductors and Electronic Components:** These are often produced in countries with weak labor laws, like Malaysia and Thailand.
 - **Vulnerability:** The electronics manufacturing sector in these countries has documented cases of forced labor, especially among migrant workers, as reported by the Fair Labor Association .
 - **Mitigation:** Ensuring suppliers are compliant with the Responsible Business Alliance (RBA) standards can help mitigate these risks.

RISK FACTORS - SUPPLY CHAIN VULNERABILITIES

High-risk sectors (Agriculture)

The agriculture sector is relevant for **natural insulation materials and certain chemicals used in HVAC systems.**

- Natural Insulation Materials: Wool and cotton are used in some **HVAC insulation products.**
 - Vulnerability: Forced labor and child labor are prevalent in the agriculture sectors of countries like Uzbekistan and India. The Environmental Justice Foundation reports significant forced labor in cotton harvesting .
 - Mitigation: Using suppliers that are certified by organizations like Fairtrade International can ensure ethical sourcing.

RISK FACTORS - SUPPLY CHAIN VULNERABILITIES

High-risk sectors (Chemicals)

The chemical sector provides refrigerants and other materials used in HVAC systems.

- Refrigerants: Chemicals like **hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs)** and **ammonia** are used in the HVAC industry.
 - Vulnerability: The production of these chemicals can involve hazardous working conditions and forced labor, particularly in lower-regulation countries.
 - Mitigation: Sourcing chemicals from companies that adhere to the Chemical Industry Responsible Care[®] program can ensure better labor practices.

RISK FACTORS – SPECIFIC SUPPLY CHAIN VULNERABILITIES

Tiered Supply Chains

Neptronic product manufacturing involves complex, multi-tiered supply chains, making it difficult to trace the origin of all materials. This complexity increases the risk of incorporating materials produced under forced labor or child labor conditions.

- **Vulnerability:** Suppliers at various tiers might source raw materials from high-risk regions without full transparency.
- **Mitigation:** Implementing robust supply chain audits and traceability programs, such as blockchain technology, can enhance visibility and accountability.

Lack of Direct Control

Neptronic has limited control over second-tier and third-tier suppliers, where labor violations are more likely to occur.

- **Vulnerability:** Second-tier and third-tier suppliers may engage in labor practices that violate international standards.
- **Mitigation:** Establishing direct relationships with critical sub-suppliers and requiring compliance with international labor standards can mitigate these risks.

Regulatory Gaps

Inconsistent enforcement of labor laws across different regions exacerbates vulnerabilities.

- **Vulnerability:** Regions with weak regulatory frameworks are more likely to have labor abuses in their supply chains.
- **Mitigation:** Keep abreast of international labor organizations' media and news to monitor and report on labor conditions can help address regulatory gaps.

RISK FACTORS – GEOGRAPHICAL REGIONS WITH WEAK LABORLAWS

South Asia

- **India:** Despite being a signatory to various international labor conventions, India struggles with enforcement due to its vast informal economy. The International Labour Organization (ILO) reports that over 10 million children are engaged in child labor in India, with many working in hazardous conditions .
- **Bangladesh:** The garment industry in Bangladesh has been under scrutiny for poor labor conditions. The Human Rights Watch highlights that many factories employ child labor and force workers to work excessive hours without proper compensation .

Sub-Saharan Africa

- **Nigeria:** Child labor is prevalent, especially in agriculture and mining. The U.S. Department of Labor's Bureau of International Labor Affairs (ILAB) reports that Nigeria has weak child labor laws and enforcement, with children working in hazardous conditions .
- **DRC:** The mining industry in the DRC is infamous for using child labor under extremely dangerous conditions. Amnesty International has documented cases where children are forced to work in cobalt mines, facing grave health risks and exploitation .

RISK FACTORS – GEOGRAPHICAL REGIONS WITH WEAK LABORLAWS

Southeast Asia

- **Myanmar:** Political instability and weak governance contribute to widespread forced labor, particularly in conflict zones. The ILO has highlighted the use of forced labor by both government and non-state actors .
- **Cambodia:** The garment and construction sectors are hotspots for labor violations. Human Rights Watch reports that labor laws are poorly enforced, leading to exploitation of both adult and child workers .

Middle East

- **Qatar:** The kafala system, a sponsorship system that ties migrant workers to their employers, has been widely criticized for creating conditions akin to forced labor. Although reforms have been announced, Amnesty International notes that significant issues remain with enforcement .
- **UAE:** Similar to Qatar, the UAE's labor system often results in exploitation of migrant workers. The U.S. State Department's Trafficking in Persons Report outlines numerous cases of forced labor due to weak regulatory oversight .

Latin America

- **Brazil:** Despite progressive labor laws, enforcement is inconsistent, particularly in rural areas and the Amazon. The ILO has documented forced labor in agriculture and logging industries .
- **Bolivia:** Child labor is widespread, with children working in mining and agriculture. The U.S. Department of Labor reports that Bolivia has weak enforcement of its child labor laws, exacerbating the problem .

POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

Code of Conduct:

- Clear policies against forced and child labor.
- Commitment to ethical sourcing.

Reporting Mechanisms:

- Anonymous hotlines.
- Whistleblower protections.

DETECTION AND REPORTING

Monitoring and Auditing:

- Regular site visits and audits.
- Use of third-party auditors.

Investigation Protocols:

- Steps to take when forced or child labor is suspected.
- Collaboration with law enforcement and NGOs.

REMEDATION AND SUPPORT

Corrective Actions:

Immediate removal of children from hazardous work.
Provision of education and vocational training.

Support for Affected Workers:

Rehabilitation programs.
Legal assistance.

CONCLUSION

Geographical regions with weak labor laws are prone to higher incidences of forced and child labor. Efforts to address these issues require not only stronger legislation but also robust enforcement mechanisms and international cooperation. Enhancing labor rights, improving legal frameworks, and ensuring rigorous enforcement are essential steps towards eradicating forced and child labor globally.

HVAC manufacturers must be proactive in addressing supply chain vulnerabilities related to forced labor and child labor. By focusing on ethical sourcing, robust supplier audits, and adherence to international labor standards, they can mitigate these risks and ensure more sustainable and responsible supply chains.



Fighting Against Forced Labour and Child Labour in supply chains Questionnaire.

The Canadian government recently passed new legislation aimed at combating global Forced Labour and child labour in supply chains (**BILL S-211**). This legislation requires businesses to investigate supply chains, provide public reporting the steps taken to prevent the forced labour in it's supply chain and establish policies and procedures to remediate any violations or potential violations within their supply chain.

The purpose of this questionnaire is to ensure our suppliers comply with this legislation.

<https://www.parl.ca/DocumentViewer/en/44-1/bill/S-211/royal-assent>

1- Supplier Information

Legal Name of the Company:

Address:

City:

Province / State :

Postal / Zip Code:

Country :

Number of Factory (if applicable) :

Locations (Country):

Email Address :

Website :

Telephone No. :

Fax No. :

2- Questionnaire

a) Which geographical areas do your products originate/manufactured from?

- | | | | |
|---|--|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Asia Pacific | <input type="checkbox"/> Central America | <input type="checkbox"/> Central Asia | <input type="checkbox"/> East Asia |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Eastern Europe | <input type="checkbox"/> Middle East | <input type="checkbox"/> North Africa | <input type="checkbox"/> North America |
| <input type="checkbox"/> South America | <input type="checkbox"/> South Asia | <input type="checkbox"/> Sub-Saharan Africa | <input type="checkbox"/> Western Europe |

b) Are you aware of the requirements set forth BILL S-211 (Fighting Against Forced Labour and Child Labour) in supply chains?

- Yes No

c) Is your organization required to comply with Bill S-122?

- Yes No

If YES, please provide copy of your report.

d) Do you have any visibility into the supply chain?

- Advanced:** You have mapped the full supply chain
 Medium: You have partially mapped the full supply chain
 Development In progress: You have very limited or no visibility of your supply chains

e) How would you describe your compliance with Bill S-122?

- Compliance program not yet started
 Compliance program In progress
 Compliance program is implemented

f) Do you have policies that prohibit forced labor and child labor?

- Yes No

If YES, please provide details or copy of your policy:

g) Are all your employees trained on how to identify and assess forced labor and child labor risks?

- Yes No

h) Does your organization have a process/procedure of selection of suppliers to assess the risks of forced labor and child labor?

- Yes No

If Yes, please provide copy of your process/procedure

i) Does your organization engage to mitigate risks of forced labor and child labor in its operations and supply chains?

- Yes No

If YES, please explain your system:

J) As a Supply Chain Business, choose the suitable High - Risk Sector your company falls in:

- Electronics (Sensors, Control Units and Circuit Boards)
If yes, Provide Responsible Business Alliance(RBA) certificate
- Mining (Supply of Essential Metals and Minerals)
 - Copper - (Provide certificate of Responsible Minerals Assurance Process (RMAP))
 - Aluminum - (Provide certificate of Aluminum Stewardship Initiative (ASI)
 - Rare Earth elements - (Provide proof following OECD Due Diligence Guidance for Responsible Supply Chain of Minerals).
- Agriculture
If yes, Provide certificate of Fairtrade International
- Chemical

If yes, Provide proof ensuring your company adheres to the Chemical Industry Responsible Care Program.
- None of the above

K) Is anyone below the age of 15 years old working in your production ?

- Yes No

3- Completed By

Name:
Position:
Date:

Email:
Phone: